# Sheboygan County Wind Forum

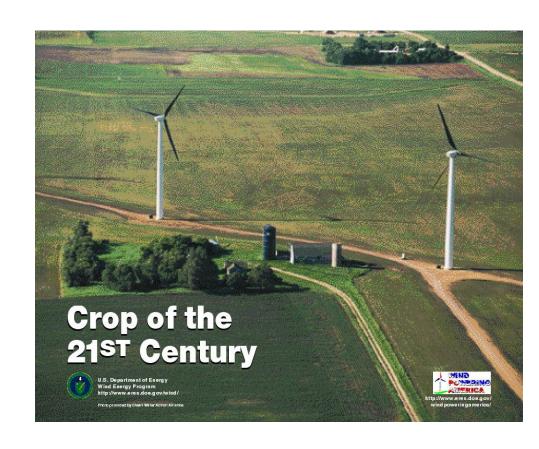
Pat Walsh
UW Extension



- Growth of wind power in US
- Why look in Sheboygan County?
- Types of systems

## Drivers for Wind Power

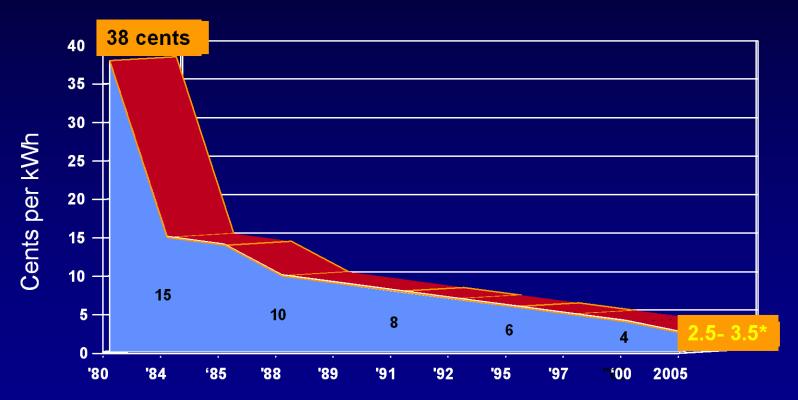
- Fuel Price Uncertainty
- Federal and State
   Policies
- Economic
   Development
- Green Power
- Energy Security
- Declining Wind
   Costs





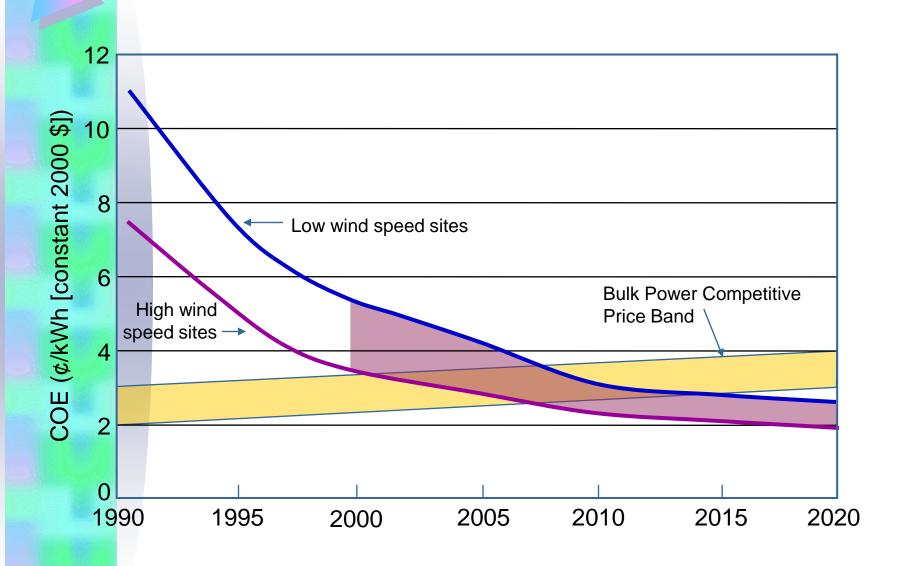
# Wind Energy:

Cost of Wind-Generated Electricity 1980 to 2005 Levelized Cents/kWh

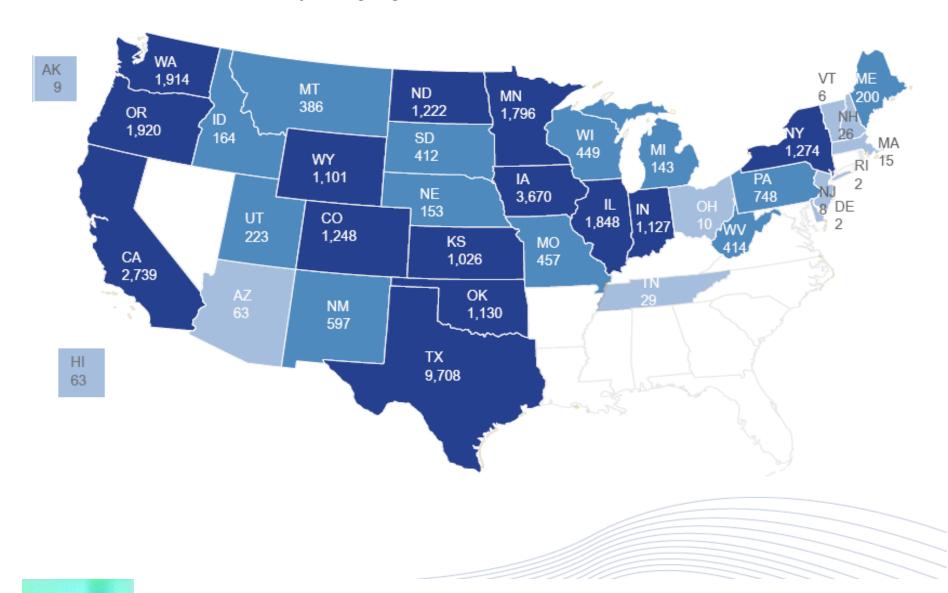


<sup>\*</sup> Assumptions: Levelized cost at excellent wind sites, large project size, not including PTC (post 1994)

## Wind Cost of Energy

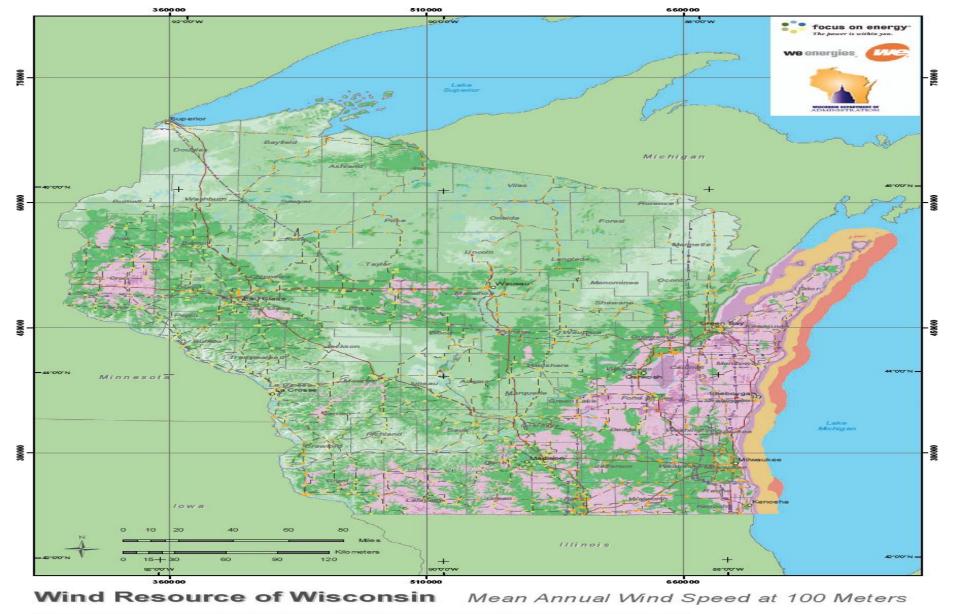


### Cumulative Wind Capacity by State





- Utility Interest in Wind Projects
- Existing Transmission System
- Favorable Siting Conditions
- Potentially Acceptable Wind Profile
  - onshore
  - offshore





#### AWS Truewind

Projection: NAD 1983 HARN Transverse Mercator Spatial Resolution of Wind Resource Data: 200m This map was created by AVE Truewind using standard transverse and the standard Although it is believed to represent an accurate overall picture of the wind energy resource, estimates at any location should be confirmed by me asurement.

The transmission line information was obtained by AWS Truewind from the Global Energy Decisions Velocity Suite. AWS does not warrant the accuracy of the transmission line information.

Source date: December 2006

WI\_SPD\_PWR\_6Feb07.mxd MFB 2/6/07

## Sizes and Applications



### Small (≤10 kW)

- Homes
- Farms
- Remote Application



# Intermediate (10-250 kW)

- Village Power
- Hybrid Systems
- Distributed Power

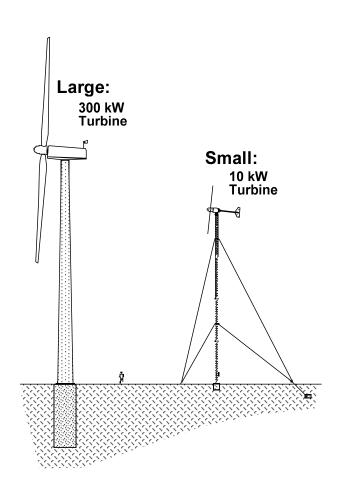


### Large (660 kW - 2+MW)

- Central Station Wind Farms
- Distributed Power
- Community Wind

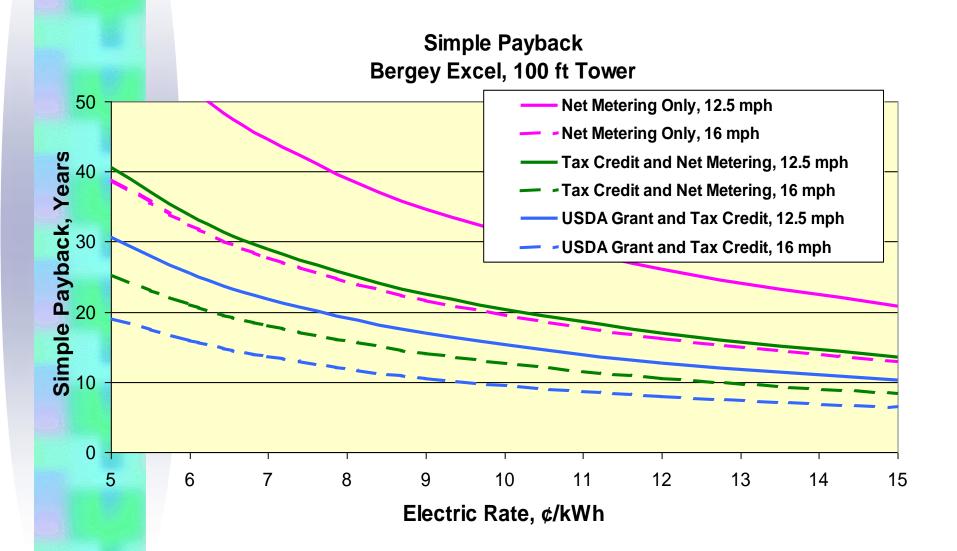
# Large and Small Wind Turbines are Different

- Large Turbines (500kW-3 mW)
  - Installed in "Windfarm" ArraysTotaling 1 100 MW
  - \$2,000/kW; Designed for Low Cost of Energy
  - Requires 6 m/s (13 mph) Average Sites
- Small Turbines (0.3-100 kW)
  - Installed in "Rural Residential" On-Grid and Off-Grid Applications
  - \$2,500-5,000/kW; Designed for Reliability / Low Maintenance
  - Requires 4 m/s (9 mph) Average Sites





### **Small Wind Economics**



# Utility Scale Wind





# Large Scale Wind Machines





# General Characteristics of Utility Scale Systems

- 1.5 MW machine, enough to power 325 homes
- Tower and blades can be 350-450 feet high
- Required setback by state rule
  - 1.1 X max blade tip height from participating property residences and non-participating property lines
  - 3.1 X max blade tip height from nonparticipating residences and occupied community buildings
- Footprint quarter to half acre

# Payments to affected parties for utility scale wind

- WI homeowners average about \$2700 per MW per year
- Wind turbines exempt from property taxes (sec 70.111); impact fees used to recover government costs, but
- Exempt wholesale generators must pay:
  - \$2333 per MW per year to city/village
  - \$1667 per MW per year to county